

81-0289

10 February 1981

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MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

STAT FROM: [REDACTED]
Chief, Language School

SUBJECT: Language School Briefing With Max Hugel

STAT DCI, [REDACTED]
and [REDACTED]
Mr. Hugel was briefed on the following points concerning the
Language School:

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2. Production: The Language School trains approximately [REDACTED] part-time) students annually in 24 languages. Eighty percent of the training is dedicated to French, Spanish, German, Russian, and Chinese. The school conducted over [REDACTED] tests in the past year; it can test in 30 languages. The Foreign Service Institute Language School is the first alternative when we lack the capability to teach or test a language.

STAT Full-time and some part-time training is conducted at Chamber of Commerce building and a large [REDACTED] part-time program is conducted at Headquarters. A new part-time program is also in operation in the Rosslyn area.

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3. Training Method: No single method is imposed on the instructor staff, but all programs incorporate the audio-lingual method, total immersion (from 2½ days to 3 full weeks) and the use of audiotape recorders, videotapes, films and other supplementary material. The use of English in the classroom is kept to a minimum.

Ninety percent of the full-time students are from the Operations Directorate; therefore, the focus of training is on the spoken language. Reading and understanding are acquired in learning to speak but the level of reading proficiency will vary especially if the written language is ideographic.

4. Problems:

a. Operations Directorate manpower shortage results in:

- small classes--average 2.4 students in full-time classes which is not cost efficient.
- lack of long term planning capability.
- aborted training--the average duration of training was only two-thirds of the advertised course length.

b. Classroom space:

Presently unable to conduct a part-time Arabic class in Headquarters for 16 students because of lack of space. Other language classes have been cancelled. Present classroom space at Chamber of Commerce could not accommodate any significant increase of students.

c. Recruiting language qualified people:

Of ☐ career trainees recruited in 1980 only 16 were qualified at the 3 level in speaking a foreign language. Native speakers recruited from ethnic populations in this country are few and far between.

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d. GS-12 ceiling on language specialists:

A government wide GS-12 ceiling on linguists makes those positions less attractive and creates inequities in compensation for linguists whose contribution is often as, or more, important than other categories of personnel who are not restricted by an arbitrary ceiling.

e. Unresolved difference with Operations Directorate over Language School policy of testing general language proficiency which does not equate to testing the use of the language in job performance.

5. Help Needed:

a. Continuing interest and emphasis on language problems, competence, and training by the top echelon of the Agency.

b. Creation of language training complement to accommodate full-time (over 12 weeks) language students. A training complement would enable customer components to use the slots vacated by the person sent to training. The Executive Committee approved positions for this purpose for FY 1983.

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c. An increase in Language School assets (instructor positions, space, budget) to correspond to any increased requirements.

d. Affirmation of a liberal Language Incentive Program which will compensate language use, achievement, and maintenance. Incentives introduced in October 1979 are having a beneficial effect on language competence in the Agency.

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